

Ethics – dictionary meaning

The philosophical study of moral values and rules – motivation on ideas of right and wrong, good and bad, kind and evil or virtuous and sinful

Clearly an abstract discipline, its lessons not amendable to verification/validation by the scientific tools of experiment, observation and inference as first proposed by the famous 16th century British scientist Sir Francis Bacon

A question of organizing one's thoughts, words and deeds in a manner that conforms to the settled norms of societal values.
Ok. How?

Talisman

"I will give you a talisman. Whenever you are in doubt, or when the self becomes too much with you, apply the following test. Recall the face of the poorest and the weakest man [woman] whom you may have seen, and ask yourself, if the step you contemplate is going to be of any use to him [her]. Will he [she] gain anything by it? Will it restore him [her] to a control over his [her] own life and destiny? In other words, will it lead to swaraj [freedom] for the hungry and spiritually starving millions?

Then you will find your doubts and yourself melt away."

- One of the last notes left behind by Gandhi in 1948, expressing his deepest social thought.

Ethics is a Dynamic Phenomenon

- What is sauce for the goose, it has been said, is not sauce for the gander. In other words, what is moral, or good, in the perception of one institution, or person or group of persons, may not necessarily hold good for others.
- The framework, of the ethical superstructure, that governs perceptions of ethical or unethical, good or bad, right or wrong, sinful or virtuous or evil or kind, varies over time and space. It is also subject to change over different religions, castes, communities, sexes and creeds.
 - Polygamy, for example, is a sin for the Hindus and Christians, while Islam permits it.
 - The possession or the drinking of alcoholic beverages, likewise, has, at different times and in different countries, been both permissible as well as a criminal offence.

In this context, I recollect how, in the year 1995, when Andhra Pradesh state had introduced prohibition, one remained a law abiding citizen, even if one possessed, or consumed, alcoholic beverages in Bellary district, in Karnataka State, across the border. Once the person crossed the border, and entered Mahabubnagar district, of Andhra Pradesh state, however, he became a criminal.

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- In a similar manner. As you people, will, no doubt appreciate, the taking of the lives of enemies is the bounden duty of a soldier in war. But the same soldier in peacetime, and in civil society, will be tried, and convicted, for murder, if he/she kills another person.
In other words, as John Lily said in his novel, "Euphues: The Anatomy of Wit, "The rules of fair play do not apply in love and war."
Or, as Shakespeare famously wrote, in his play "Hamlet", "For nothing either good or bad, but thinking makes it so."

Who Said what

- Swami Vivekananda

“You are the makers of your own fortunes. You make yourselves suffer, you make good and evil, and it is you who put your hands before your eyes and say it is dark. Take your hands away and see the light – enlightenment”

“Need overarching beacon light for guidance
– who wrote “lead kindly light”?”

You tell me.

- Buddha – similarly “tamasoma jyotirgamaya” – “from darkness to light”
- Also Rabindranath Tagore “let light in” from all directions - Rigveda

- **Srimadbhagwat Geeta**

Karmanyē Vadhikaraste, Ma phaleshou kada chana,
Ma Karma Phala Hetur Bhurmatey Sangostva Akarmani

- **Quran**

"Whoever recommends and helps a good cause becomes a partner therein, and whoever recommends and helps an evil cause shares in its burden." Chapter 4, Verse 85

"Repel (evil) with what is better. Then will he, between whom and thee was hatred, become as it were thy friend and intimate. And no one will be granted such goodness except those who exercise patience and self-restraint."

Again Gandhi – "God himself does not appear to a hungry man except in the form of bread"

- **Bible**

"..... a still small voice" – our conscience

- **Socrates**

"True wisdom comes to each of us when we realize how little we understand about life, ourselves, and the world around us.

The only good is knowledge and the only evil is ignorance."

- **Confucius**

In a country well governed, poverty is something to be ashamed of. In a country badly governed, wealth is something to be ashamed of.”

Faced with what is right, to leave it undone shows a lack of courage.

- **Chanakya**

Chanakya Niti is a collection of aphorisms. It is a set of ideas and statements given by the ancient Indian teacher and statesman many of which give

A person should not be too honest.

What then? Let us see what the three major Holy Scriptures say by way of guidance

- Gita – already referred to
- Quran

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"Repel (evil) with what is better. Then will he, between whom and thee was hatred, become as it were thy friend and intimate. And no one will be granted such goodness except those who exercise patience and self-restraint." Chapter 41, Verse 34 and 35
Again Gandhi – even god

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Saadi's Gulistan - Red Indian joke

- Bible – still small voice – our conscience
- Not Dil ne hum se jo kaha etc.

Who did what

Where are we now?

- The Indian polity has also taken several significant initiatives were always guided by the public interest
- **Not “.... dil ne hum se jo kaha” etc.** To borrow the expression from the popular song from Raj Kapur’s unusual film “Jagte Raho”.
- **But, we need to guard against the danger of, as the French saying goes,**
“plus ça change, plus c’est la même chose”

Or,

The more things change, the more they stay the same

- Pleas for fundamental or structural reforms fly in the face of the fact that governments have changed and laws amended, courts have adopted new and bold innovations, and even the Constitution has been amended more than a hundred times but this have not changed much.

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- In fact, as Thomas Bertram, of Jimmy Carter's 197 administration, said,

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“If it ain’t broke, don’t fix it”. A principle, you all, as engineers will certainly agree with!

- ‘Occam’s Razor’, if you like, which cautions you not to multiply entities unnecessarily
- Enlightened self-interest is a philosophy in Ethics which states that persons who act to further the interests of others (or the interests of the group or groups to which they belong) ultimately serve their self-interest.
- It is precisely this theme which has underlined India’s approach to foreign policy. Thanks to this so-called non-alignment policy, which we India has followed ever since the days of Jawaharlal Nehru, Abdel Gamal Nashsr and Marshall Tito of India, Egypt, and Yugoslavia respectively, it has, systematically, distanced itself from all parts of the world. As a result, today, the countries “equidistant” from, the USA, China and the erstwhile Soviet bloc countries, only

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the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) region regard it a bully elder brother while ASEAN countries view it with suspicion. In other words, India has no friend, either in the neighbourhood, or elsewhere. In a manner of speaking, it is also an offshoot, of the approach practiced, by the government of Britain for long. That approach, incidentally, was best described by Lord Palmerston, who famously said “....We have no eternal allies, and we have no perpetual enemies. Our interests are eternal internal and perpetual....”.

- Life is not all black or white. Gray areas need to be dealt with.
- Beggar and (now NTR!) ₹ 100 coin example
- Silence is as harmful as irrelevant or untimely talk

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Governance

Dilemmas – governance
+ potential civil
servants angle

Governments, around the world, are increasingly beginning to realize, that an inclusive, and participatory, approach, best ensures the translation of objectives into the reaching of benefits, to those for whom their intended.

Hence, the slogan – Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas and Sabka Vishwas

While fairplay, and observance of rules, are expected in all sports and games, the game of cricket has, in particular, has the reputation of being extremely punctilious in that regard. Which is why the expression “that isn’t cricket” is often employed to describe behaviour not expected of decent people.

In my opinion, the government of India, as well as all the states in the country, should establish departments to deal with the subject of ethics. Rather than be proactive and aggressive, such departments should assist, the premier agencies in the country, charged with the task of ensuring compliance with the extant regime of proper conduct, and ethical behaviour, professionally, and personally, among their members, such as chartered accountants, engineers, doctors and lawyers. The Bar Council of India, the Medical Council of India and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India etc. Periodical training should also be provided by expert engaged by those departments to civil servants, and political leaders, at the central and state level to improve their moral fiber.

My advice, coming from the voice of (doubtful!), wisdom and experience (efflux of time!), is best exemplified by what two of my favourite persons said.

Sahir Ludhianvi - “Ehle-e-dil hai hum chashm-e-karam se bhi beniyaz

AB Vajpayee – Ooncha Mastak, Ubhara Seena/Jeena ho to aisa jeena

At the end, the Red Indian joke

Indian System - Evolution

Role of the Civil Servant